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Neil not only plays host for all MacTech events, but aids the session chairs for all MacTech events (over 100 events since 2010). Neil has been the Editor-in-Chief and Publisher of MacTech Magazine since 1992. With both a technical and business background, Neil has authored hundreds of articles including most of MacTech's well known benchmarking articles on productivity applications, virtualization, and performance products.



Linux Servers:
Admin them in a more
“Mac-like” way.

What are we going to cover?

- OS X Server: Where it's at
- Why Linux?
- Keep it simple
- Keep it secure
- Keep it monitored

Linux OSes

- Different Distributions
 - Arch Linux
 - CentOS
 - Debian
 - Fedora
 - Gentoo
 - openSUSE
 - Slackware
 - Ubuntu

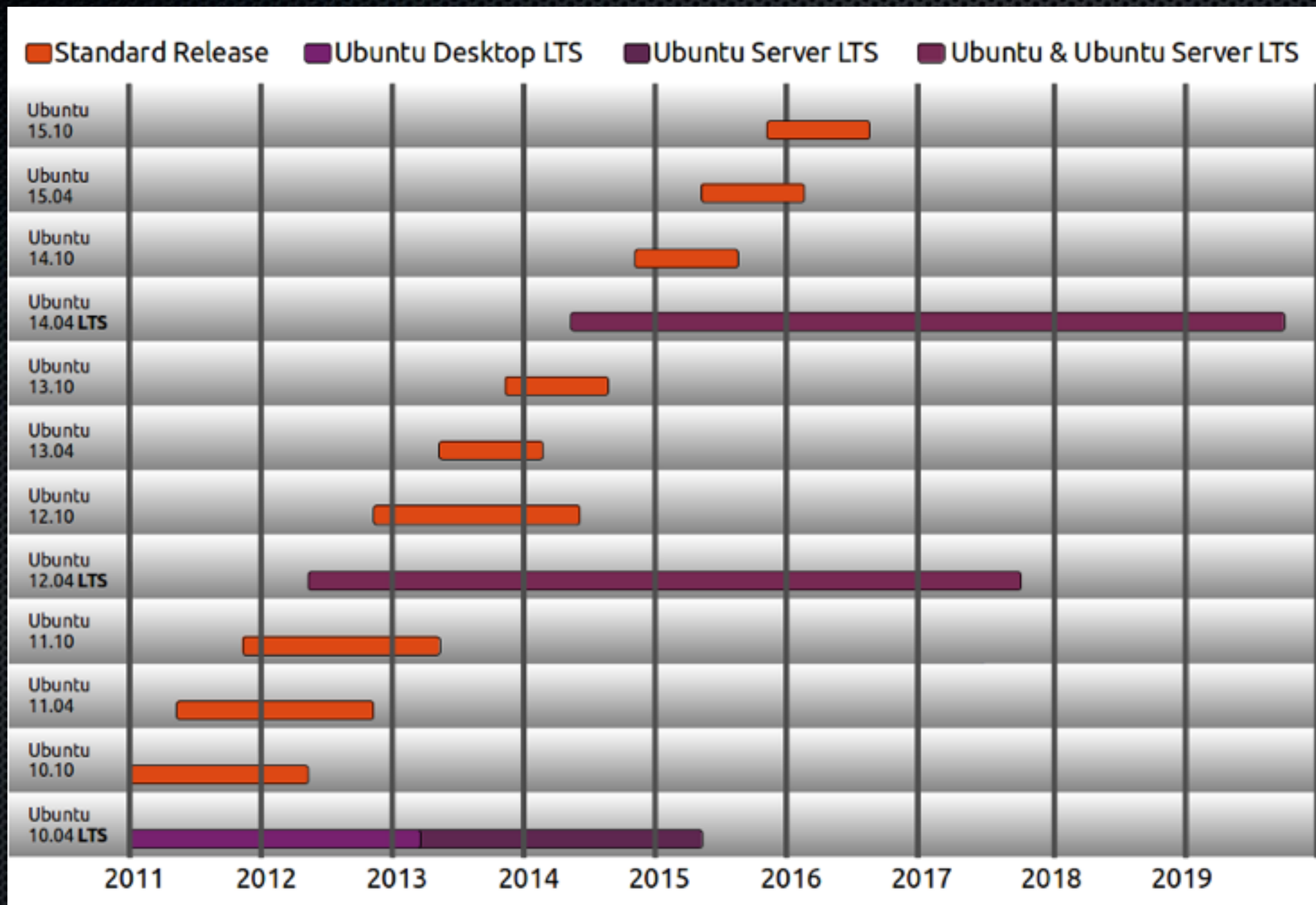
Linux OSes

- Choosing a distribution
 - Look at what you will do
 - What's supported and vibrant
 - What's compatible with your software choices

Ubuntu LTS

- What's Ubuntu Long Term Solution (LTS)?
 - Every two years
 - Five year support
 - 14.04 LTS Supported until 2020
 - Focus on hardening functionality of existing features, not new features (generally)

Ubuntu LTS



Providers

- In-house:
 - Why?
 - Don't.
- Traditional providers
 - HostGator, DreamHost, BlueHost, GoDaddy, I & I
- Linode, Digital Ocean, VPSie, VULTR, and others
- Specialized Providers
 - Drupal: Acquia, Pantheon, etc...
 - WordPress: WordPress.org, Pantheon, etc...

Real World Setup

- Examples for our process
- Tools selected important
 - Compatibility
 - Order of install:
 - Longview often first
 - Server management panel must be already installed, nor any web service

Why we chose Linode

- Competitive pricing
- Better support
- Longview
- Interface easier to understand
- Backups that made more sense

Let's Build a Linode

- Add a linode (choosing size and data center)
- Deploy an Image
 - Ubuntu 14.04 LTS
- Choose size for swap disk and main disk
 - Generally, use max size of 512MB for swap
 - Can do multiple disks
 - May want to reserve for later
- Settings > Linode Label (enter new name and save)

Linode: IP and DNS

- Remote Access tab, and you'll see your server's IP address listed
- Add the IP to your DNS
- Set the reverse DNS
 - Remote Access » Reverse DNS
- Boot the Linode

Linode: Hostname

- ssh to server
 - Click on the Remote Access tab
- Set the hostname:
 - Replace *hostname* with a fqdn of your choice.
 - `echo "hostname" > /etc/hostname`
 - `hostname -F /etc/hostname`

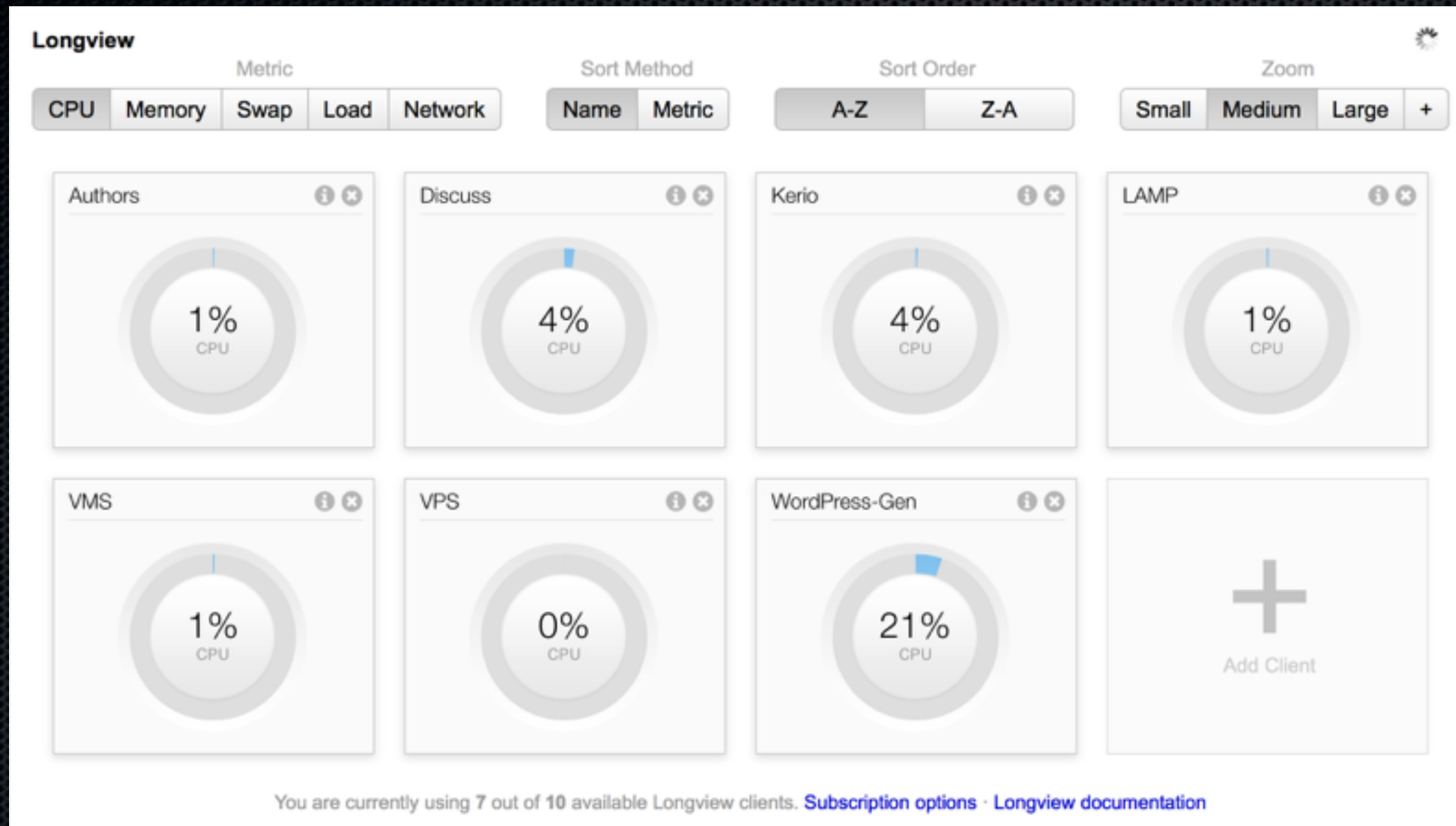
Linode:Time Zone

- Set the time zone for the server with this command:
 - `dpkg-reconfigure tzdata`
 - follow the on screen messages
 - select your region, and time zone

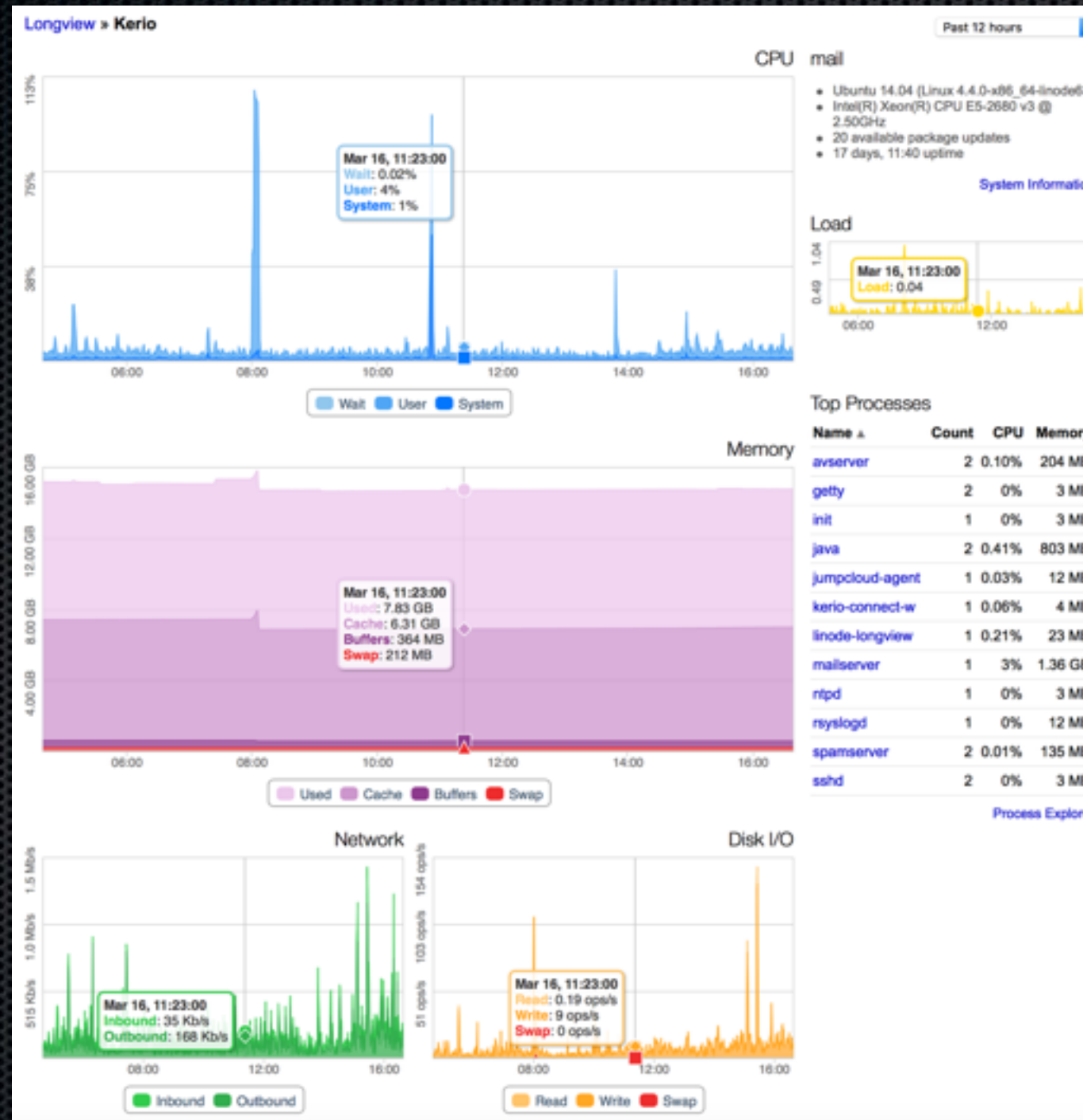
Linode: Monitoring

- Longview
 - Press the “+” to add a client
 - Copy command to install Longview via the curl
 - Rename your Longview
 - the “i” icon for the new Longview
- Watchman Monitoring (to come)
- Enable Backups:
 - Costs 20% of the cost of your Linode

Linode's Longview



Linode's Longview



Control Panels

- Why?
 - Base server config
 - Services Configuration
 - Scripted Installers
 - User Access
 - Database Configuration
 - Security
- Industry Standards:
 - cPanel, Plesk, InterWorx, zPanel, ISPConfig

Control Panels

- Light, fast, and secure with modern interface
- New Breed, multi-servers
 - ServerPilot.io
 - webmin (virtualmin)
 - Sentora <http://sentora.org>
- Single Servers
 - Webuzo
 - VestaCP

Types of Services

- Nginx Web Server
- Apache Web Server (as backend)
- Bind DNS Server
- Exim or other mail server
- Antivirus Antispam
- Dovecot POP3/IMAP Server or others
- MySQL Database Server
- FTP Server
- Firewall and automatic banning
- ... and others

ServerPilot.io

The screenshot shows the 'Apps' management page in the ServerPilot.io dashboard. The browser address bar shows 'manage.serverpilot.io/#apps'. The page has a sidebar with navigation links: Servers, Apps, Account, Support, and Log out. A green '+ Create App' button is in the top right. A light blue banner states 'We now offer free SSL certificates! [Learn more.](#)'. Below this is a search bar labeled 'Search Apps'. The main content is a table with columns: APP, SERVER, DISK, and MEMORY. It lists five apps: 'authors' (0 MB disk, 0 MB memory), 'images' (0.34 MB disk, 0 MB memory), 'pagewatch' (7.7 MB disk, 0 MB memory), 'phpq' (0.71 MB disk, 0 MB memory), and 'redirect' (21 MB disk, 0 MB memory). All apps show '0 processes'.

APP	SERVER	DISK	MEMORY
authors <small>authors.mactech.com</small>	authors.mactech.com	0 MB	0 MB <small>0 processes</small>
images <small>images.mactech.com</small>	vps.xplain.com	0.34 MB	0 MB <small>0 processes</small>
pagewatch <small>pagewatch.mactech.com</small>	vps.xplain.com	7.7 MB	0 MB <small>0 processes</small>
phpq <small>forms.mactech.com</small>	lamp.xplain.com	0.71 MB	0 MB <small>0 processes</small>
redirect <small>redirect.mactech.com</small>	vps.xplain.com	21 MB	0 MB <small>0 processes</small>

VestaCP

The screenshot displays the VestaCP web interface. At the top, there's a navigation bar with links like 'ClipOneNote', 'KM', 'SipNumCart', 'Signs', 'TechMinded', 'Mikrotik', 'HGWM', 'cPannels', 'Server Admin', 'Social', 'MTPPro', 'Mini Specs', 'Ignite', 'mover', 'ebay', and 'Divi Extra'. Below this is a sidebar with a 'Vesta - USER' header and a list of users. The main content area shows a table of users with columns for 'USER', 'WEB', 'DNS', 'MAIL', 'DB', 'CRON', and 'BACKUP'. The 'admin' user is highlighted, showing details such as bandwidth, disk usage, and various system settings.

USER	WEB	DNS	MAIL	DB	CRON	BACKUP
users: 1 suspended: 0	domains: 1 aliases: 1 suspended: 0	domains: 0 records: 0 suspended: 0	domains: 1 accounts: 0 suspended: 0	databases: 1 suspended: 0	jobs: 7 suspended: 0	backups: 3

admin
System Administrator

Bandwidth: 0 mb
Disk: 2 mb
Web: 1 mb
Databases: 0 mb
Mail: 0 mb
User Directories: 1 mb

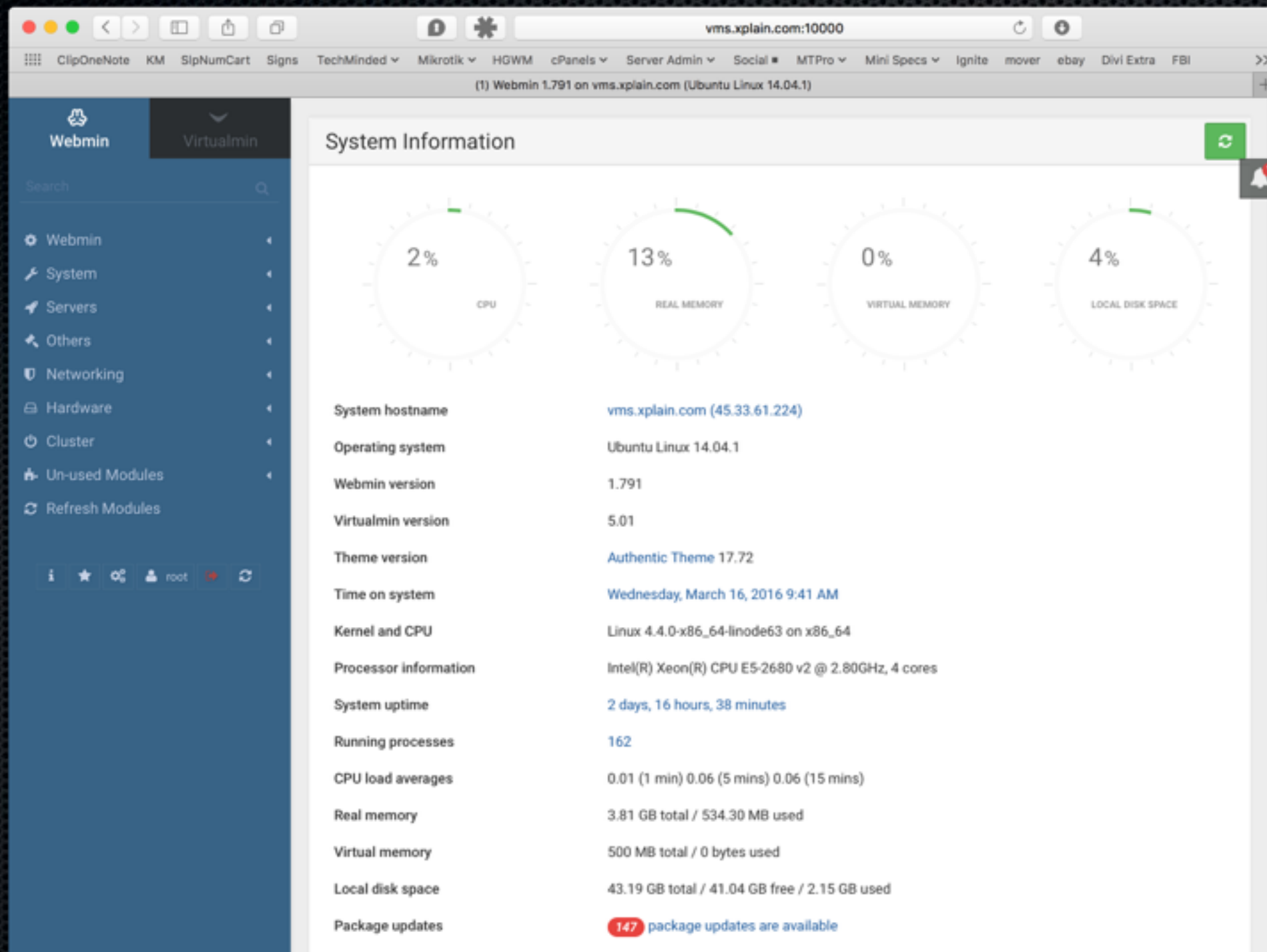
Web Domains: 1 / 100
DNS Domains: 0 / 100
Mail Domains: 1 / 100
Databases: 1 / 100
Cron Jobs: 7 / 100
Backups: 3 / 3

Email: netadmin@xplain.com
Package: default
SSH Access: bash
IP Addresses: 1
Name Servers: ns1.localhost.ltd
ns2.localhost.ltd

1 account

Open # on this page in a new tab

webmin



Or choose none...

- Remember...
 - Ask yourself why?
- And if none, you need to remember
 - Updates and Security Patches
 - Prevent password and root login
 - Firewall
 - Monitoring

Auto-Updates

- `sudo apt-get install unattended-upgrades`
- `sudo dpkg-reconfigure -p low unattended-upgrades`

Check the Schedule

```
mactech@someserver:~$ cat /etc/apt/apt.conf.d/10periodic
APT::Periodic::Update-Package-Lists "1";
APT::Periodic::Download-Upgradeable-Packages "0";
APT::Periodic::AutocleanInterval "0";

mactech@someserver:~$ cat /etc/apt/apt.conf.d/20auto-upgrades
APT::Periodic::Update-Package-Lists "1";
APT::Periodic::Unattended-Upgrade "1";
```

Note: The 1 means it will update every day. 7 is weekly


Forcing Updates

- Find available updates, and force an upgrade now:
`sudo apt-get update`
`sudo apt-get dist-upgrade`
- Testing it?
 - list available updates
`sudo apt-get -u upgrade`
 - simulate update process
`sudo apt-get -s upgrade`
- Brute Force Testing
 - `sudo reboot now`
 - you should not see updates now

Managing Users

- JumpCloud
 - <https://console.jumpcloud.com/#/systems>
 - get your Linux install curl command and execute it at the command line for the ssh session you have to the server
 - add a tag to the system so you can manage it
 - make sure to assign yourself (and anyone else) and the server
- Other solutions as well

JumpCloud

 JumpCloud

USERS

SYSTEMS

TAGS

APPLICATIONS

DIRECTORIES

COMMANDS

SETTINGS

SUPPORT

Users All your users at-a-glance

greg.keller@jumpcloud.com

!

All Users: No users selected

Resend Email

+ Add User

- Del User

Search

	Status	Last Name	First Name	Username	Email	System Admin/Sudo	
<input type="checkbox"/>	✓	Keller	Gregory	GREGORYMKELLER	greg@jumpcloud.com	✓	Details
<input type="checkbox"/>	✓	Dietrich	Amy	adietrich	amy@jumpcloud.com		Details
<input type="checkbox"/>	✓	Christianson	Billy	billyc	billyc@jumpcloud.com	✓	Details
<input type="checkbox"/>	⚠	Brown	Bob	bob	bob@test-jumpcloud.com		Details
<input type="checkbox"/>	✓	O'Connor	Beth	bocconor	beth@jumpcloud.com		Details
<input type="checkbox"/>	✓	McGloughlin	Cindi	cindi	cindi@jumpcloud.com	✓	Details
<input type="checkbox"/>	✓	Johnson	Eric	⚠ ejohnson (Password Expired)	ejohnson@jumpcloud.com	✓	Details
<input type="checkbox"/>	✓	User	GADS	⚠ gadsuser	ITAdmin@jumpcloud.com		Details
<input type="checkbox"/>	⚠	Blackborow	Josh	jblaclborow	jblaclborow@test-jumpcloud.com		Details
<input type="checkbox"/>	✓	Blow	Joe	jblow	joe@jumpcloud.com	✓	Details

Showing 1 to 10 of 30 entries

First Previous 1 2 3 Next Last

Integrated Monitoring

- Go to your watchman setup:
- define the group
- install on (two commands) watchman client

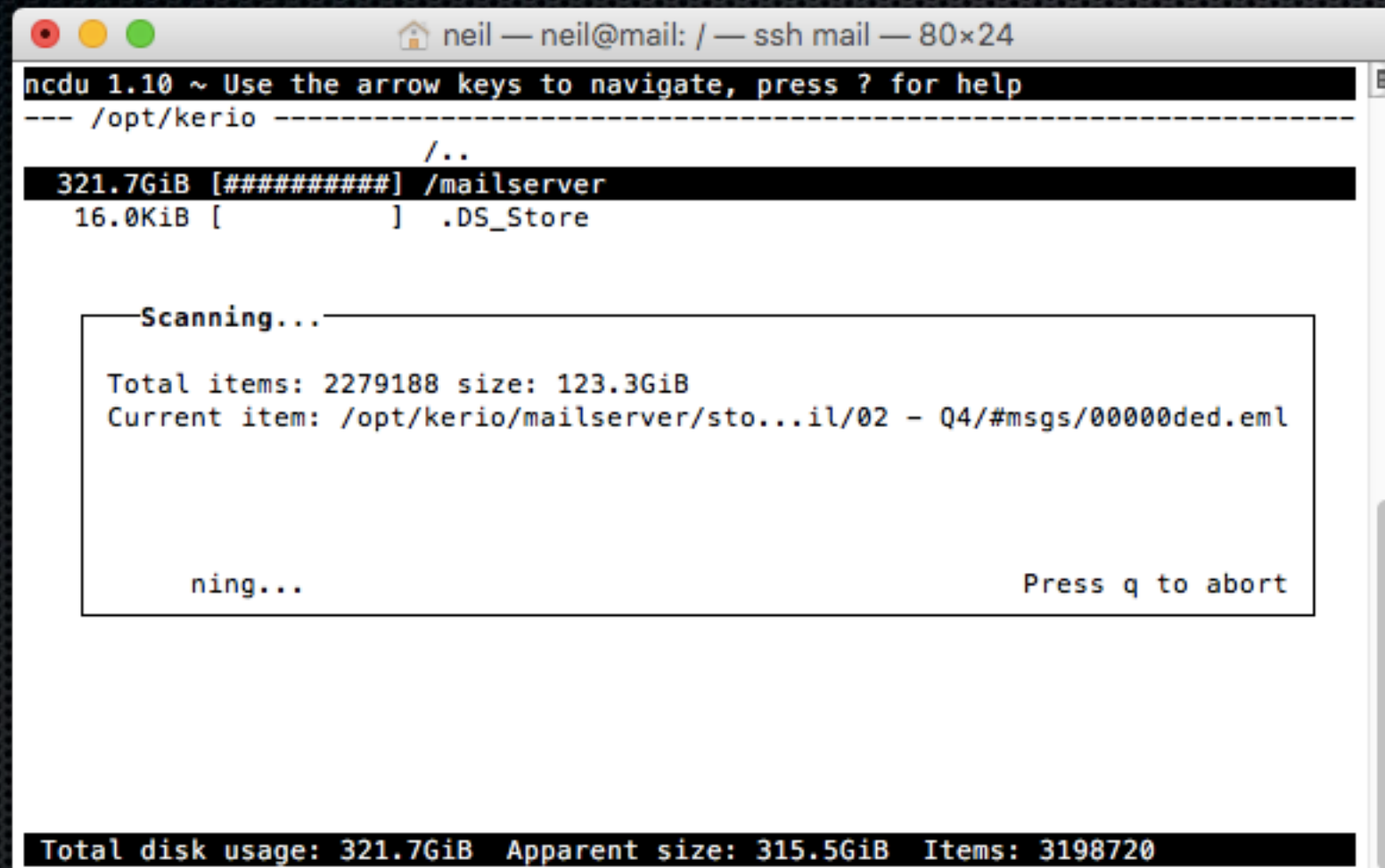
```
run-client --auto-update true  
sudo run-client -F
```


Tools and Utilities

- ncdu

```
apt-get install ncdu  
apt-get install yum  
apt-get install yum-utils  
yum-config-manager --enable
```


ncdu



The screenshot shows a terminal window titled "neil — neil@mail: / — ssh mail — 80x24". The ncdu 1.10 interface is displayed, showing the current directory as /opt/kerio. A tree view shows the following structure:

- /..
- 321.7GiB [#####] /mailserver
- 16.0KiB [] .DS_Store

A "Scanning..." dialog box is open, displaying the following information:

- Total items: 2279188 size: 123.3GiB
- Current item: /opt/kerio/mailserver/sto...il/02 - Q4/#msgs/00000ded.eml

At the bottom of the dialog box, it says "ning..." and "Press q to abort".

The status bar at the bottom of the terminal window shows: "Total disk usage: 321.7GiB Apparent size: 315.5GiB Items: 3198720".

ncdu

```
neil — neil@mail: / — ssh mail — 80x24
ncdu 1.10 ~ Use the arrow keys to navigate, press ? for help
--- /opt/kerio/mailserver/store/backup -----
/..
2.0GiB [#####] C20160227T190203Z.11.zip
2.0GiB [##### ] C20160227T190203Z.1.zip
2.0GiB [##### ] ncdu help 1:Keys 2:Format 3>About
2.0GiB
2.0GiB      C Sort by items (ascending/descending)
2.0GiB      d Delete selected file or directory
2.0GiB      t Toggle dirs before files when sorting
2.0GiB      g Show percentage and/or graph
2.0GiB      a Toggle between apparent size and disk usage
2.0GiB      c Toggle display of child item counts
2.0GiB      e Show/hide hidden or excluded files
2.0GiB      i Show information about selected item
2.0GiB      r Recalculate the current directory
2.0GiB      q Quit ncdu
2.0GiB
2.0GiB                                     Press q to continue
2.0GiB [##### ] C20160227T190203Z.9.zip
2.0GiB [##### ] F20160305T080103Z.27.zip
2.0GiB [##### ] F20160305T080103Z.28.zip
Total disk usage: 145.8GiB Apparent size: 145.8GiB Items: 120
```


Useful Links

- <https://www.linode.com>
- <https://www.digitalocean.com>
- <https://wiki.ubuntu.com/LTS>
- <http://serverpilot.io>
- <https://vestacp.com>
- <http://www.webmin.com>
- <http://jumpcloud.com>

Questions?



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