

Business Technologies

Secure Mobility

LeRoy Dennison
Apple Consulting Manager - Apple, Mobility & Consulting Services Teams
PC Mall Services



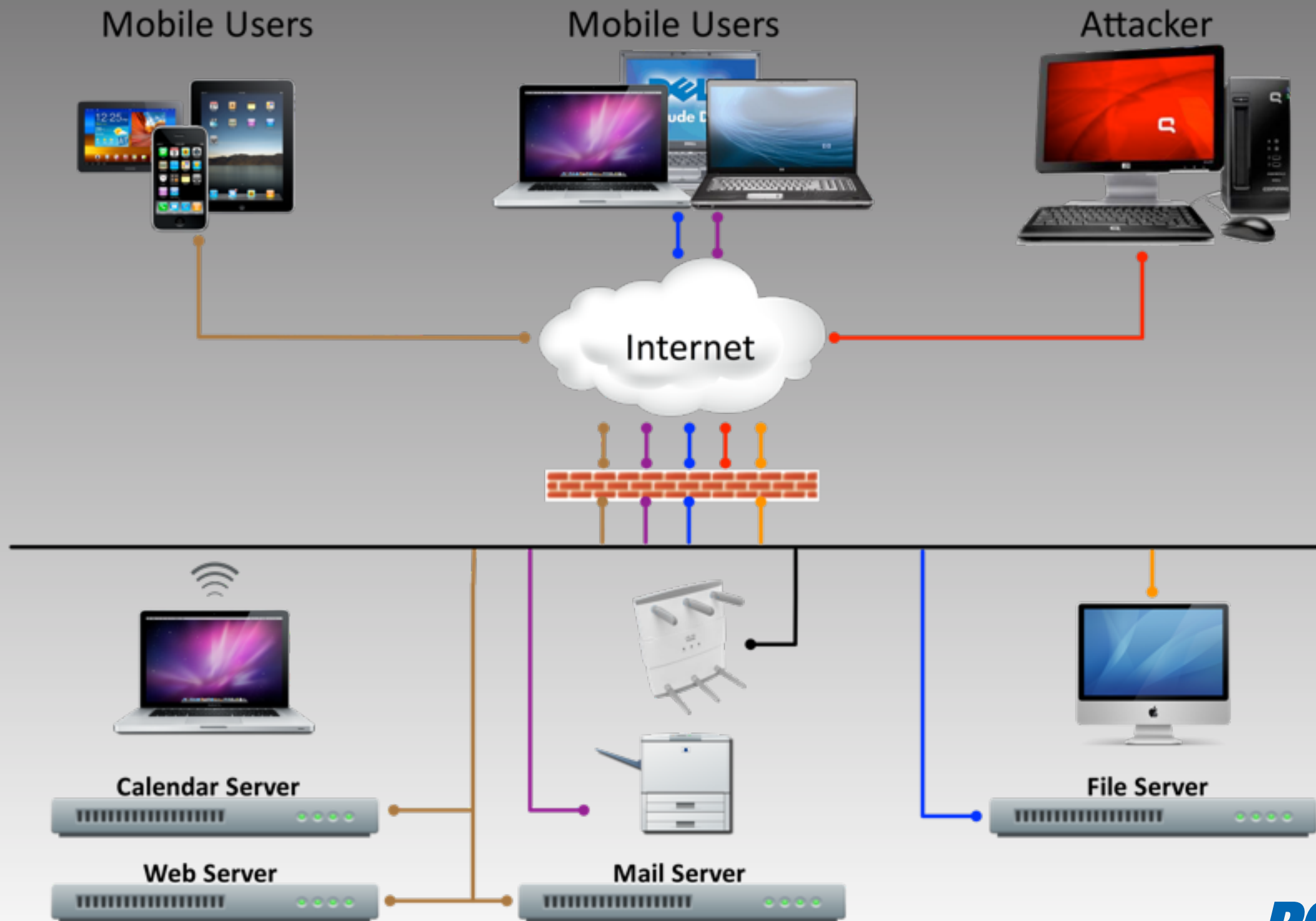
Secure Mobility Problem/Solution

Secure Mobility Problem Characteristics

- Mobile users
 - Smart phones
 - Tablet devices
 - Netbooks/Ultrabooks/Laptops
- End of XP
- Consumers (end users) are driving IT
 - Consumers KNOW how it should work!
- But, IT still needs to secure corporate data



Problem...



Solution Characteristics

- Secure the infrastructure
- Split DNS
- Certificates
- VPN
- Web-based file-sharing
- No directory binding





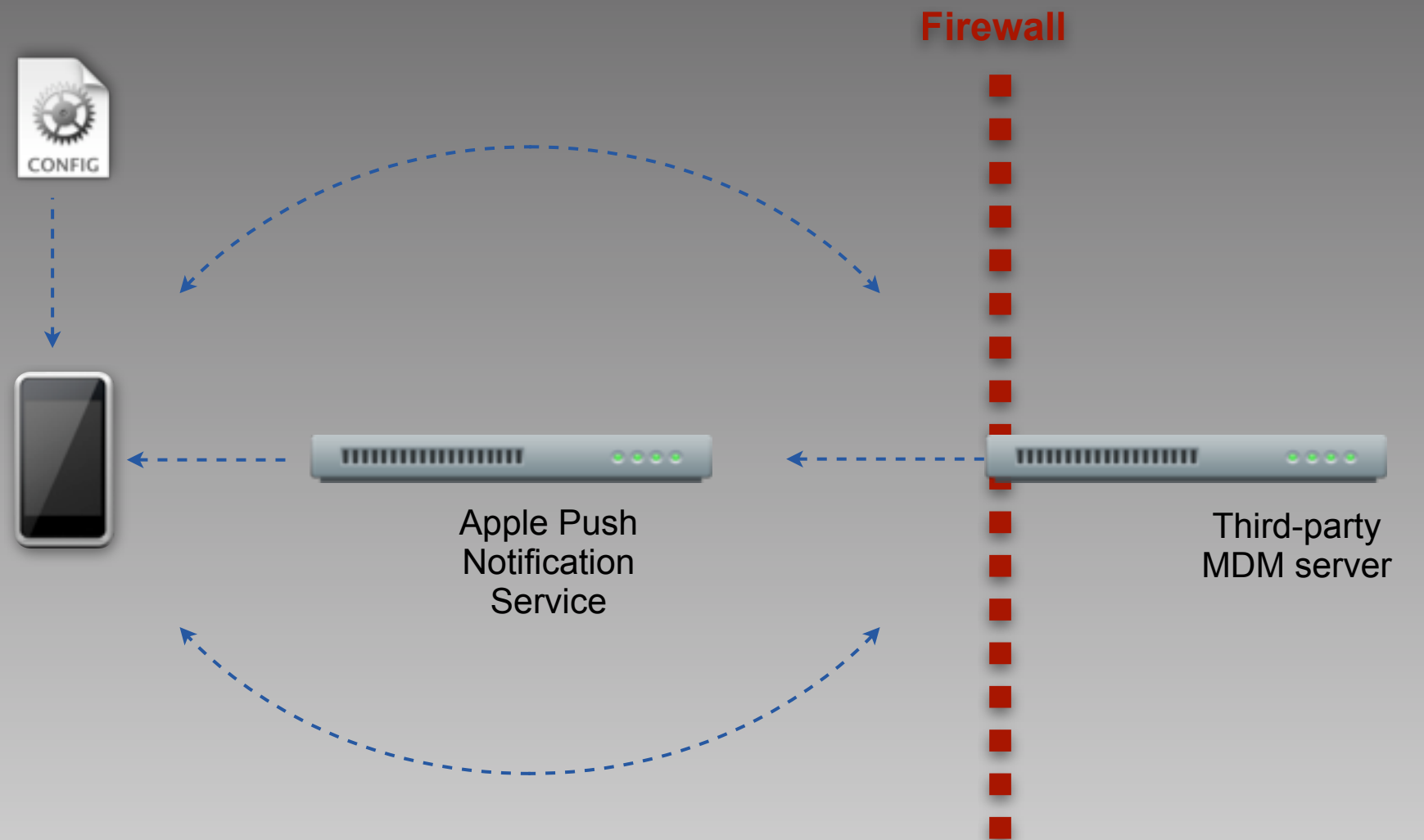
Services



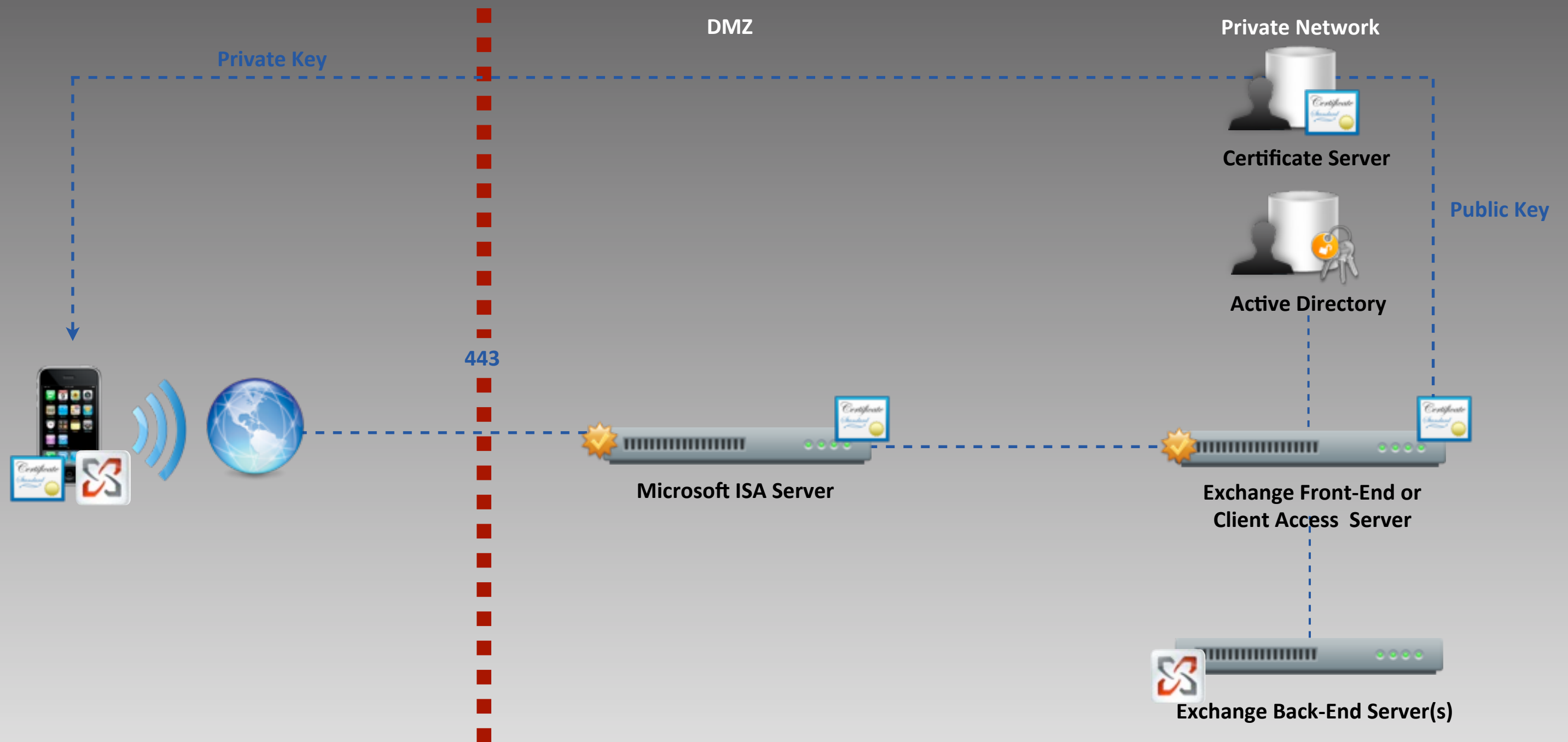
<http://support.apple.com/kb/HT5012>

How Certificates Work - BASIC **PCMail SARCOM**

- 1 A Configuration Profile containing MDM server information is sent to the device.
User is presented with information on what will be managed or queried by the server.
- 2 User installs profile to opt-in to device being managed.
- 3 Device enrollment takes place as the profile is installed. The server validates device and allows access.
- 4 Server sends push notification prompting device to check in for tasks or queries.
- 5 Device connects directly to server over HTTPS. Server sends down commands or requests information.

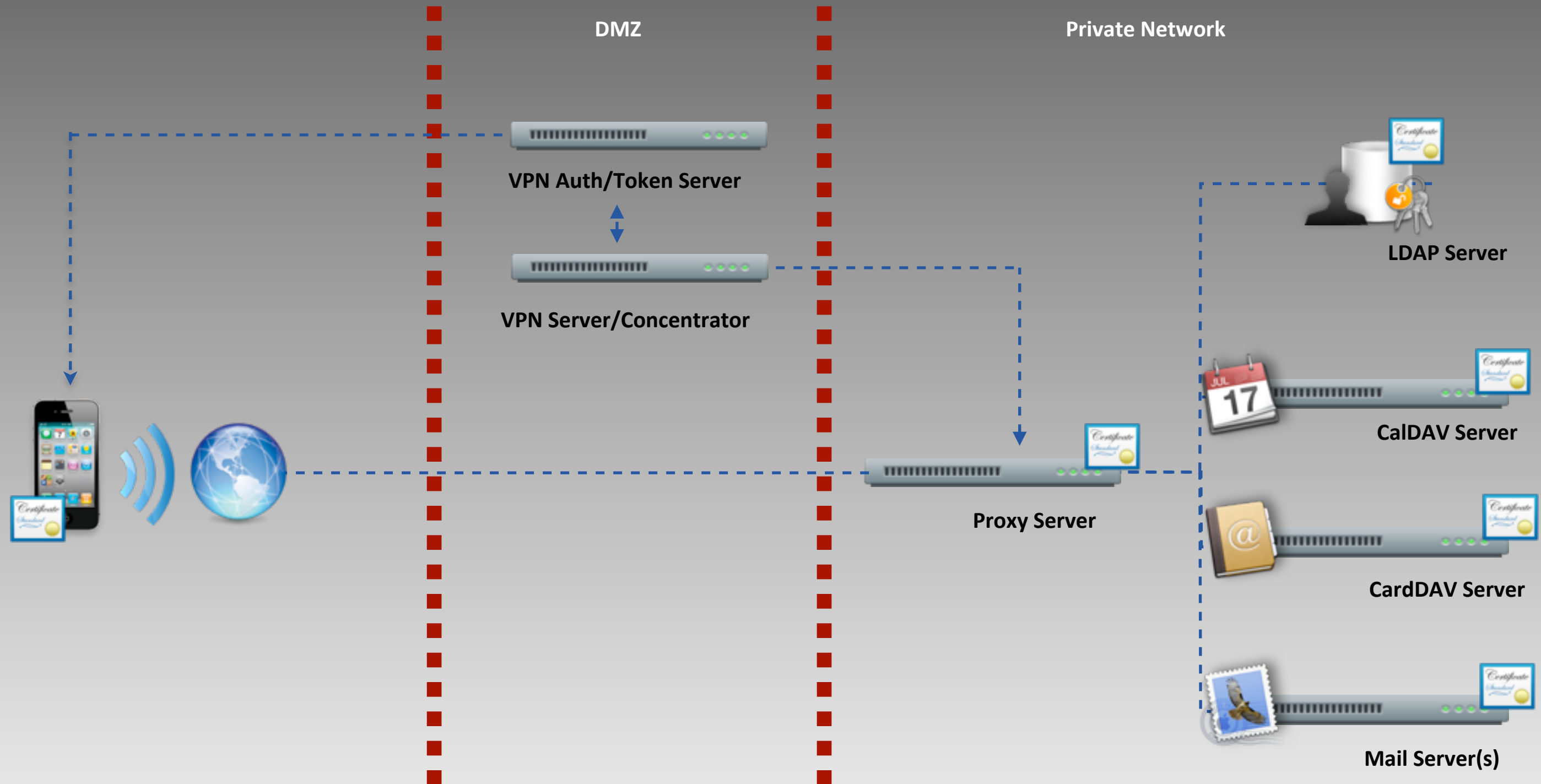


Mobile Device Management



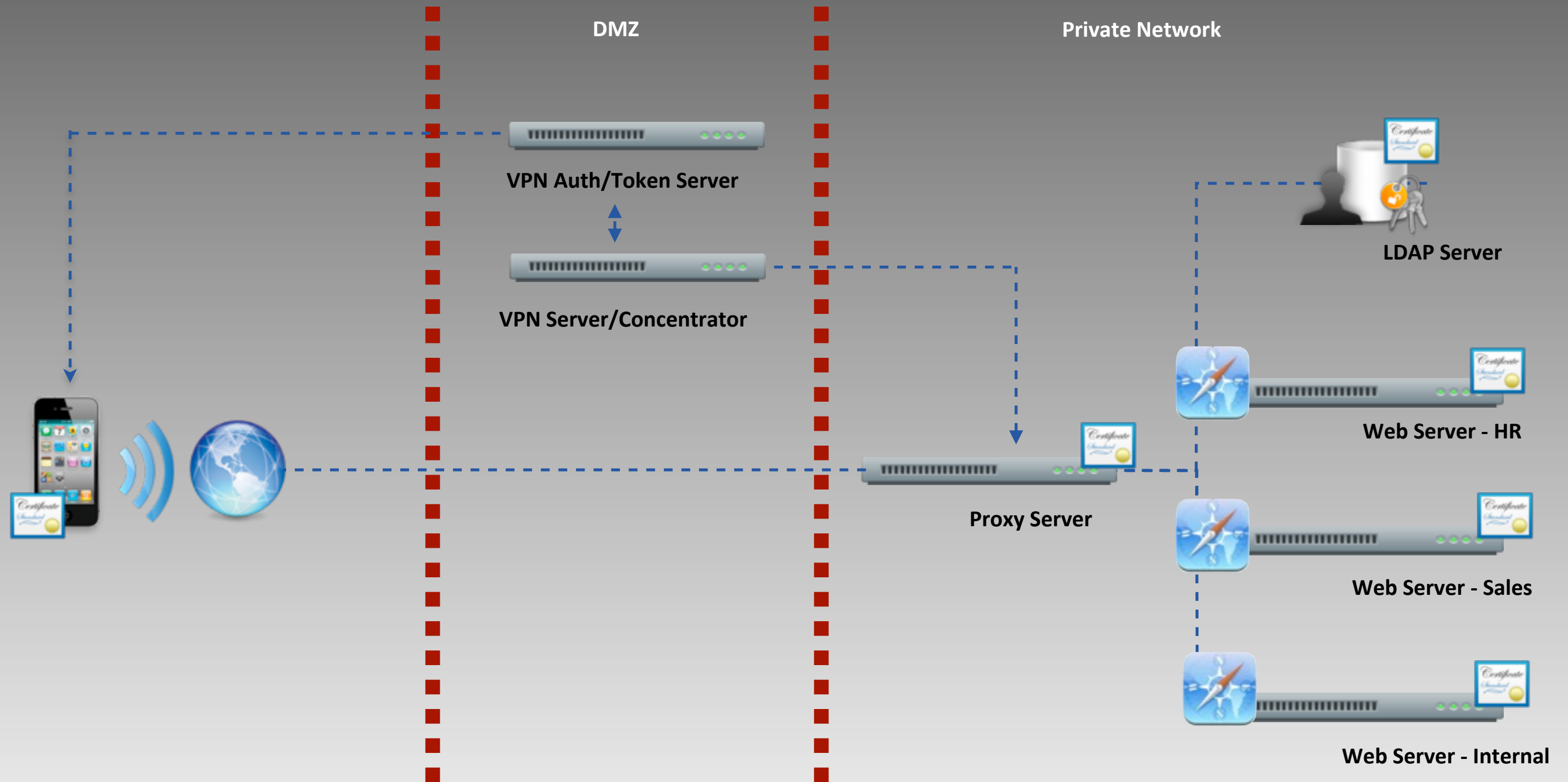
Microsoft Exchange ActiveSync

Deployment example

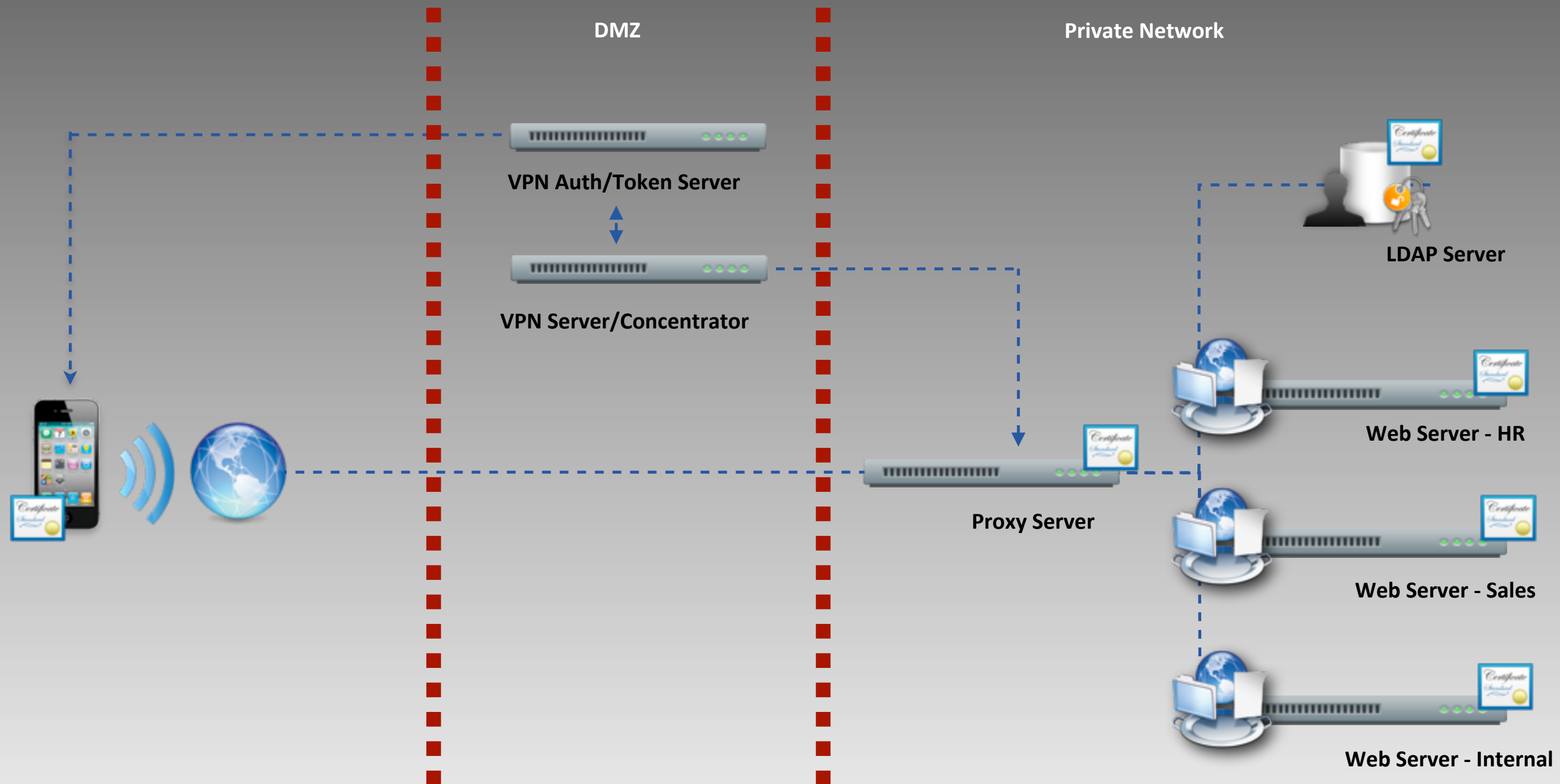


Open-Standards Collaboration

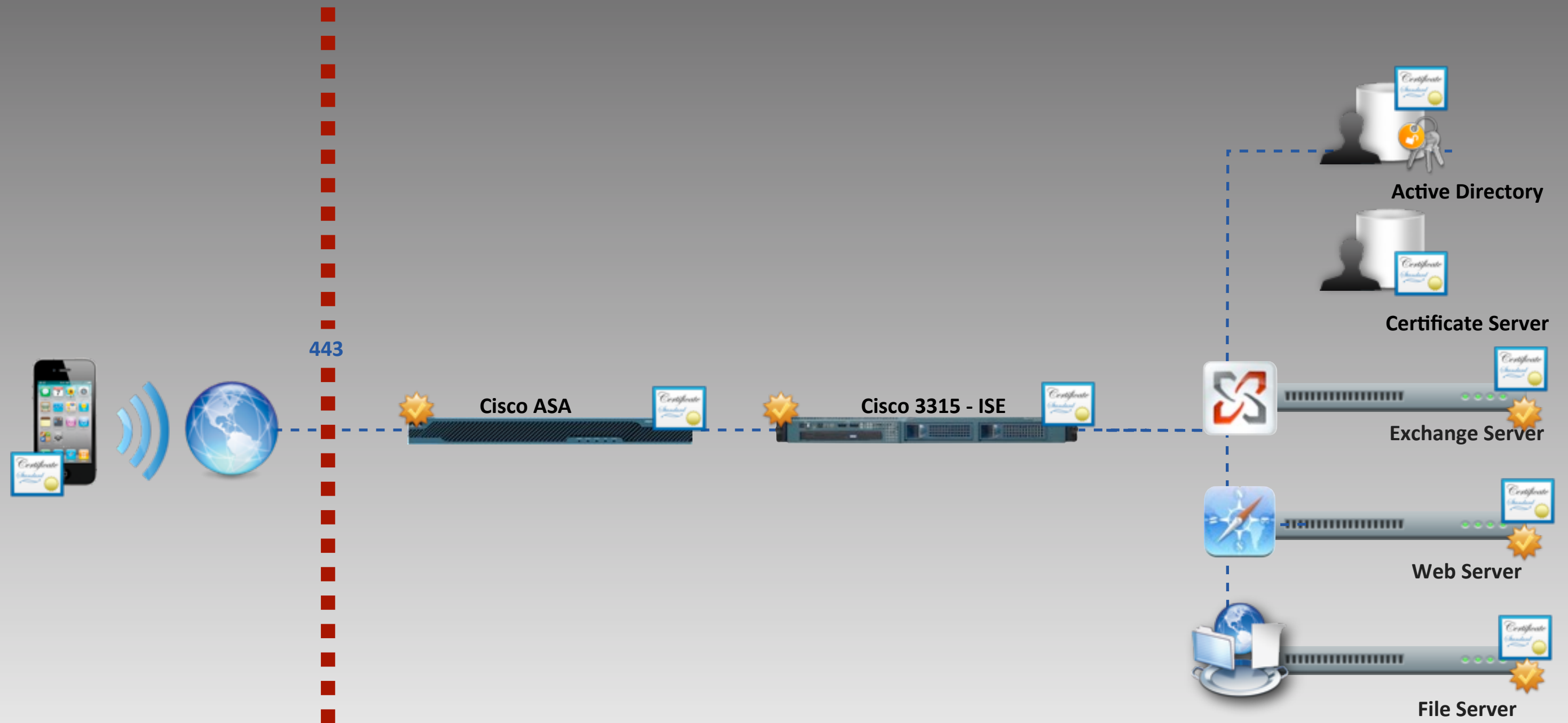
PCMail SARCCOM



Web Server



File Server



How it Works



Configure



Enroll



Query



Manage

Mobile Device Management

MDM Tiers

- Tier 0 - Manual, on the device itself
- Tier 1 - iPCU or Apple Configurator, tethered
- Tier 2 - Profiles distributed via email or HTTP
- Tier 3 - Profile Manager (Mountain Lion Server), over-the-air updates
- Tier 4 - 3rd party MDM (needed for any MDM scenarios that are not all iOS)

Q & A